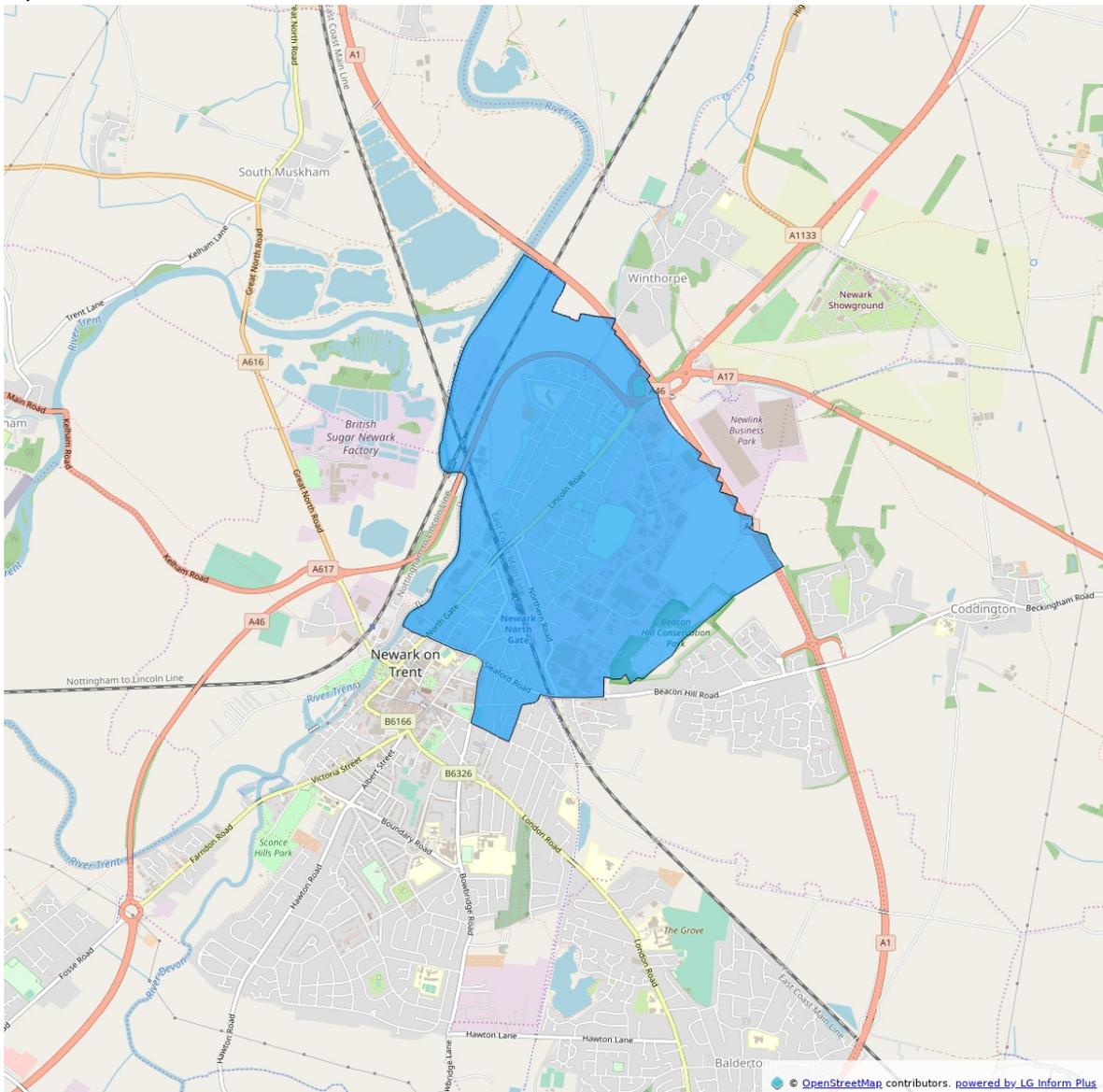


Ward profile for Bridge Ward (Nottinghamshire)

This report provides a summary of the latest available information on the demographic and socio-economic make-up of the Bridge ward within Newark & Sherwood district . It looks at the population structure and provides information on the economic, deprivation, crime, health, housing and educational achievement of the ward.

Ward Map

Bridge is one of the 21 Wards of Newark and Sherwood. It has an area of 479 hectares which represents 0.74% of the total area of Newark and Sherwood district .



Residents

Bridge has a resident population of [7,310](#) which represents 6.04% of the total Newark & Sherwood district resident population of [121,000](#).

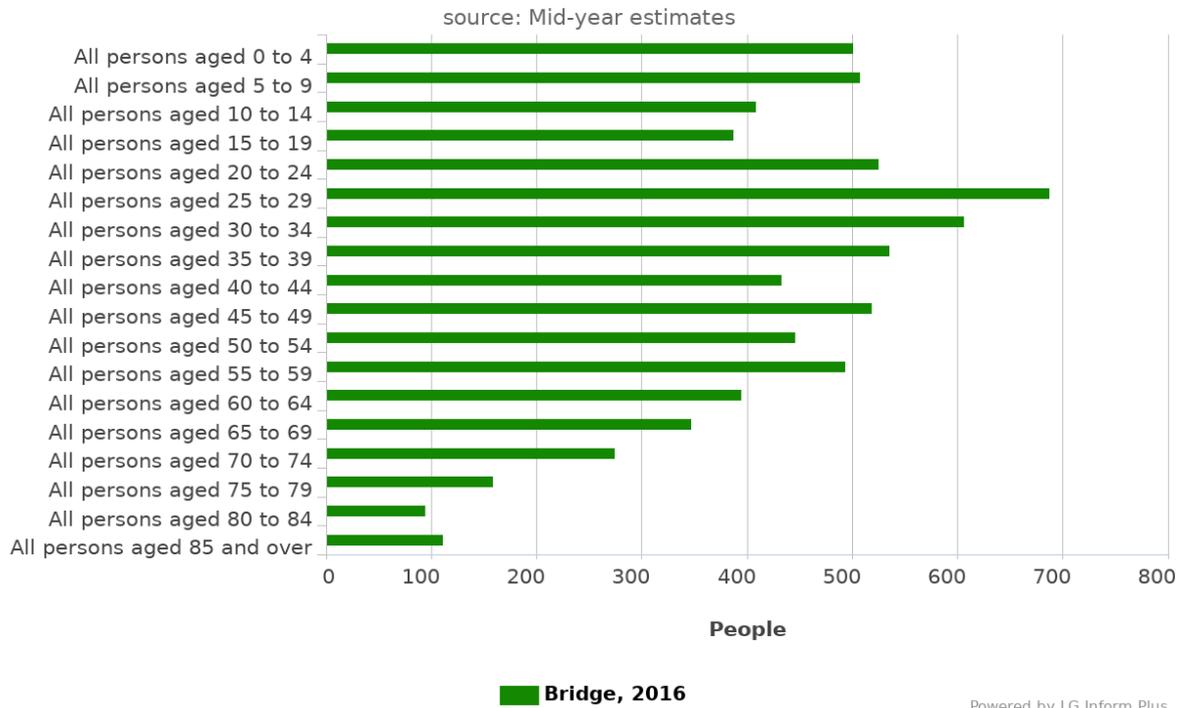
Bridge's resident population is 49.7% female and 50.3% male. The number of households in the ward is [3,015](#).

Age

The mean age of the Bridge ward population is [37](#) years compared to a mean age of [42](#) years for residents in the whole of Newark & Sherwood.

The chart below shows the broad age bands for the latest Mid Year Population Estimates.

Population estimates - local authority based by single year of age



Age breakdown

	Population aged 0-15		Population aged 16 to 64 males/59 females (count)		Population aged 65 and over for males and 60 and over for females (Count)	
	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017
	People	People	People	People	People	People
Bridge	1,487		4,757		1,190	
Newark and Sherwood		21,645		69,384		29,936
Nottinghamshire		147,949		478,117		191,785
East Midlands		883,640		2,840,150		1,047,876
England		10,637,971		33,430,917		11,550,542

Source of data: [ONS Mid Year Estimates](#)

	Number of live births (over 5 years)		Deaths from all causes (count)	
	2011-2015		2011-2015	
	Births	People	People	People
Bridge	579		297	
Newark and Sherwood	6,174		5,827	
Nottinghamshire	44,376		38,596	
East Midlands	270,729		Missing	
England	3,372,773		2,357,381	

Source of data: Source: [ONS Death Registrations Summary Tables](#) Source: [ONS Births Summary Tables](#)

Ethnicity

The largest ethnic group in Bridge is 'Number of usual residents who are White' with 96.2% of the ward's population. That compares with a figure of 97.5% for Newark & Sherwood district as a whole and 95.5% for Nottinghamshire .

The second largest ethnic group is 'Number of usual residents who are Mixed/multiple ethnic groups' with 1.7% of the ward's population. That compares with 0.9% for the district as a whole and 2.2% for Nottinghamshire.

Please note BME (Black Minority Ethnic) refers to all groups who are not 'White British' so includes White Irish; White Gypsy and Traveller; and White Other. Non white refers to all groups not in the wider 'white' category.

	Total BME population	Non white UK population	BME population (%)	Non white UK population (%)	% residents who are Asian/Asian British	% residents who are Black/African/Caribbean/Black British	% residents who are Mixed/multiple ethnic groups	% residents who are White	% residents who are Other ethnic group
	2011	2011	2011	2011	2011	2011	2011	2011	2011
	People	People	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Bridge	263	1,034	3.8	15.0	1.7	0.5	1.5	96.2	0.1
Newark and Sherwood	2,859	6,609	2.5	5.7	0.9	0.4	1.0	97.5	0.1
Nottinghamshire	34,999	57,864	4.5	7.4	2.2	0.6	1.4	95.5	0.3
East Midlands	486,866	662,076	10.7	14.7	6.5	1.8	1.9	89.3	0.6
England	7,731,314	10,733,220	14.6	20.3	7.8	3.5	2.3	85.4	1.0

Source of data: [Census 2011](#)

Religion

The largest religious group in Bridge is 'Religious belief - Christian ' with 61.36% of the ward's population. That compares with a figure of 66.08% for Newark & Sherwood district as a whole and 61.34% for Nottinghamshire .

The second largest religious group is 'Religious belief - No religion ' with 29.17% of the ward's population. That compares with 25.64% for the district as a whole and [29.29](#) for Nottinghamshire.

	Religion: Buddhist per cent	Religion: Christian per cent	Religion: Hindu per cent	Religion: Jewish per cent	Religion: Muslim per cent	Religion: Sikh per cent	Religion: No religion per cent	Religion: Any other religion per cent	Religion not stated per cent
	2011	2011	2011	2011	2011	2011	2011	2011	2011
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Bridge	0.30	61.36	0.25	0.03	0.57	0.20	29.17	0.35	7.77
Newark and Sherwood	0.20	66.08	0.17	0.05	0.40	0.11	25.64	0.32	7.04
Nottinghamshire	0.24	61.34	0.44	0.09	0.89	0.40	29.29	0.34	6.98
East Midlands	0.28	58.81	1.98	0.09	3.10	0.98	27.53	0.40	6.83
England	0.45	59.38	1.52	0.49	5.02	0.79	24.74	0.43	7.18

Source of data: [Census 2011](#)

Deprivation

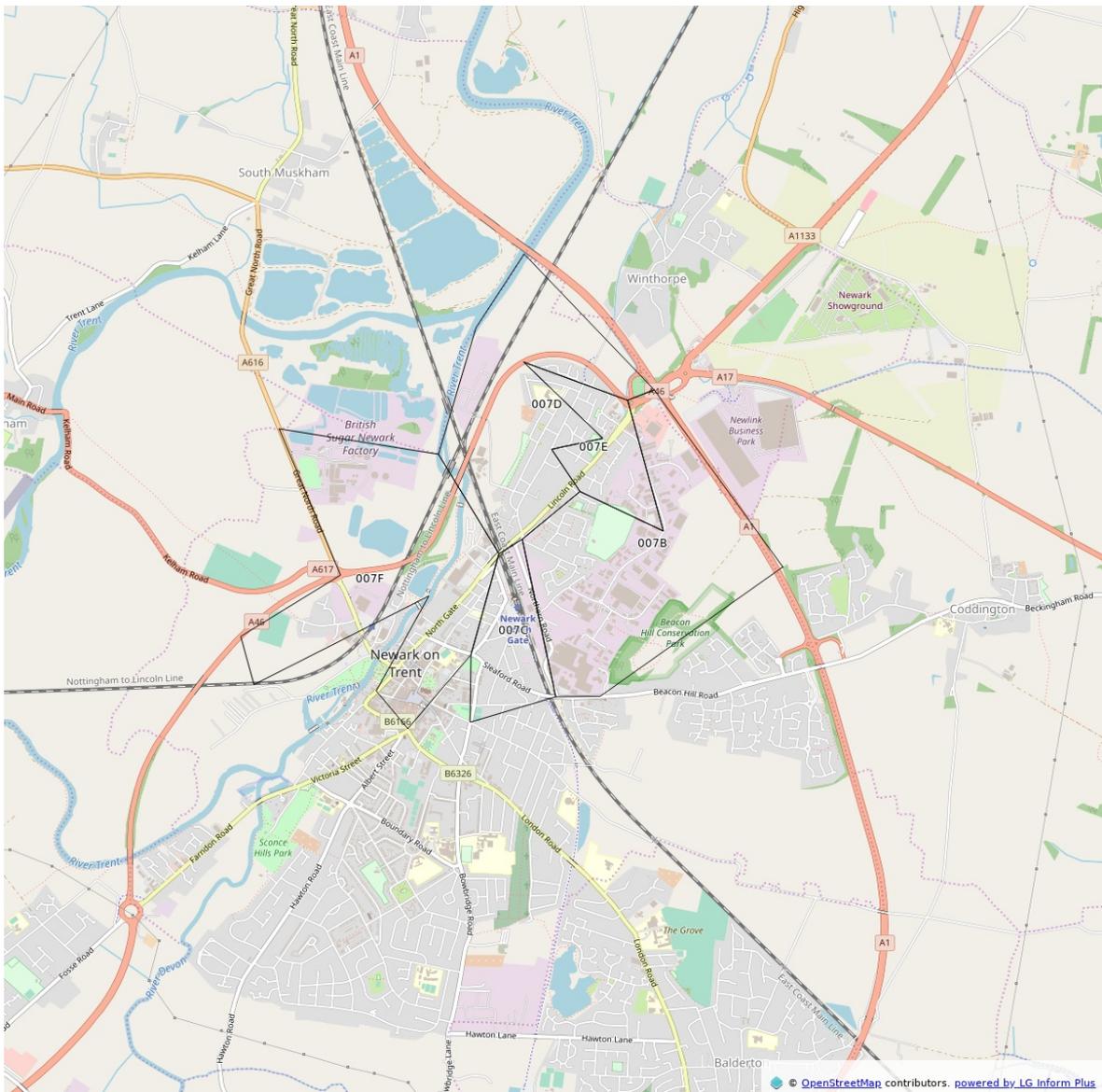
The table below shows the Index of Multiple Deprivation Rank (2015) on key summary areas of deprivation. The country has been divided into Super Output Areas of which there are 32,844, to enable areas to be statistically compared, as they have similar size populations.

The table below shows the Super Output Areas for the Bridge ward. The lower the ranking the more deprived an area (1 = most deprived, 32,844 = least deprived)

The maps shows where the Super Output Areas are located within the ward.

Please see the on deprivation pages on [Nottinghamshire Insight](#) for more information.

Super Output Areas by Ward



	Newark and Sherwood 007B	Newark and Sherwood 007C	Newark and Sherwood 007D	Newark and Sherwood 007E	Newark and Sherwood 007F
	2015	2015	2015	2015	2015
	Rank within England LSOAs				
IMD: Overall (2015) - score	4,811	12,941	8,741	17,782	6,811
IMD: Crime (2015) - score	14,592	9,824	3,345	9,055	4,390
IMD: Employment (2015) - score	6,193	15,318	10,136	18,262	7,411
IMD: Income Deprivation (2015) - score	4,943	13,390	9,810	19,457	8,730
IMD: Education Skills and Training Deprivation (2015) - score	393	7,354	3,470	13,666	5,972
IMD: Health Deprivation and Disability (2015) - score	7,878	18,264	15,475	18,458	6,986
IMD: IDACI (2015) - score	4,269	10,338	7,992	15,914	8,045
IMD: IDAOPI (2015) - score	5,712	19,775	13,696	21,602	11,362

Source of data: [Indices of Deprivation 2015](#)

Economy

Please see [Nomis ward profiles for a breakdown of economic data](#) or the [Economy](#) theme on [Nottinghamshire Insight](#).

Economic activity (both active and inactive) relates to whether or not a person who was aged 16 to 74 was working or looking for work in the week before the census. Rather than a simple indicator of whether or not someone was currently in employment, it provides a measure of whether or not a person was an active participant in the labour market.

	Economically active %	Economically inactive %
	2011	2011
	%	%
Bridge	72.63	27.37
Newark and Sherwood	68.89	31.11
Nottinghamshire	69.39	30.61
East Midlands	69.29	30.71
England	69.91	30.09

Source of data: Census 2011

Health and Well-Being

Life expectancy at birth

Life expectancy provides an estimate of how long, on average, people can expect to live using estimates of the population and the number of deaths.

	Life expectancy, birth (males, 5 year)	Life expectancy, birth (females, 5 year)
	2010-2014	2010-2014
	Years	Years
Bridge	75.4	80.9
Newark and Sherwood	79.1	82.8
Nottinghamshire	79.2	82.8
England	79.1	83.0

Source of data: [ONS Life Expectancy](#)

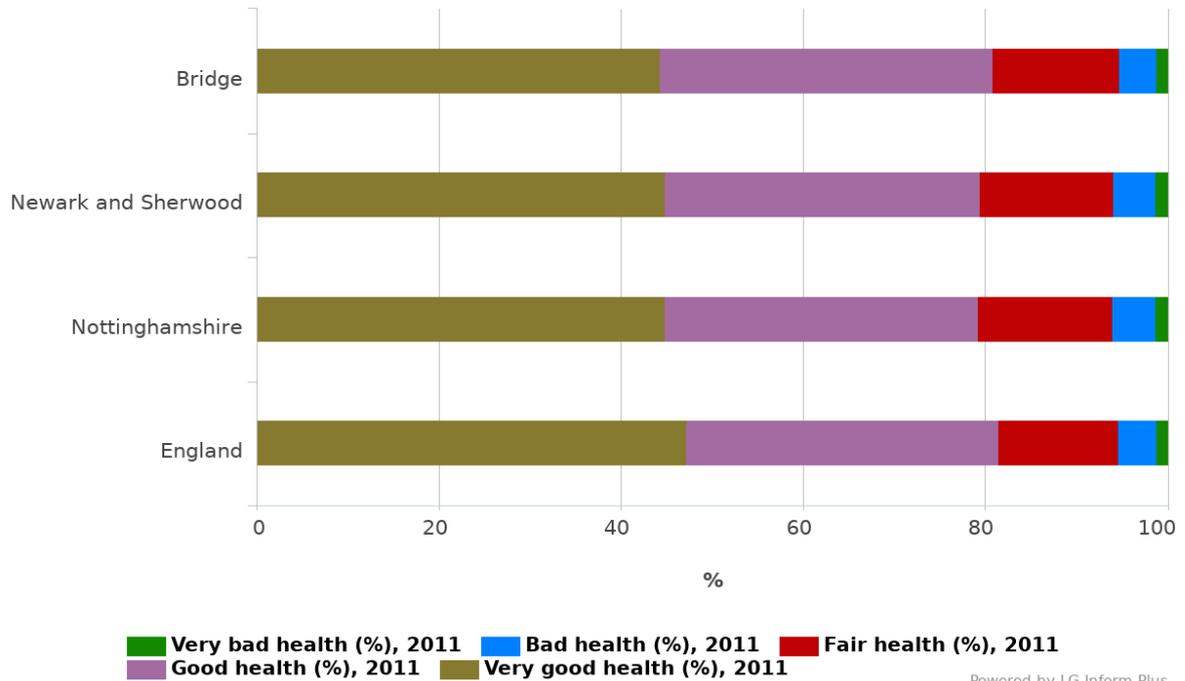
Health Status

Bridge has [80](#) (5.5%) residents that report being in bad health and [24](#) (1.6%) residents that report being in very bad health.

Its ranking for the number of residents in very bad health is 9 (out of 21 Wards) within Newark and Sherwood. 1 = the ward with the worst self-reported health.

Health of the population

source: Census 2011



Source of data: [Census 2011](#)

Limiting Long-Term Illness

The table below shows the 2011 Census estimates that classify the population by the severity of any long-term health problem or disability they may have.

	Day-to-day activities limited a little: Age 16 to 64 per cent	Day-to-day activities limited a lot: Age 16 to 64 per cent	Day-to-day activities not limited: Age 16 to 64 per cent
	2011	2011	2011
	%	%	%
Bridge	4.9	4.5	58.7
Newark and Sherwood	5.3	4.0	53.5
Nottinghamshire	5.2	4.1	54.4
East Midlands	4.9	3.7	55.8
England	4.6	3.6	56.5

Source of data: [Census 2011](#)

The National Child Measurement Programme (NCMP) measures the height and weight of around one million school children in England every year, providing a detailed picture of the prevalence of child obesity.

Obesity

	Obese children in reception year (%)	Obese children in year 6 (%)
	2014/15-16/17 (academic)	2014/15-16/17 (academic)
	%	%
Bridge	8.1	18.5
Newark and Sherwood	8.4	17.5
Nottinghamshire	8.3	17.1
East Midlands	9.1	18.9
England	9.3	19.6

Source of data: [National Childhood Measurement Programme](#)

Education and Learning

The table below shows the percentage of pupils attending schools in Bridge ward. [55.9](#) % attained 5 or more grades A*-C (including English and Maths) at GCSE compared to [54.1](#) % nationally.

	GCSE achievement (5A*-C inc Eng & Maths) (from MSOA data)	
	2013/14 (academic)	
	%	
Bridge	55.9	
Newark and Sherwood	52.9	
Nottinghamshire	59.4	
East Midlands	54.1	
England	56.6	

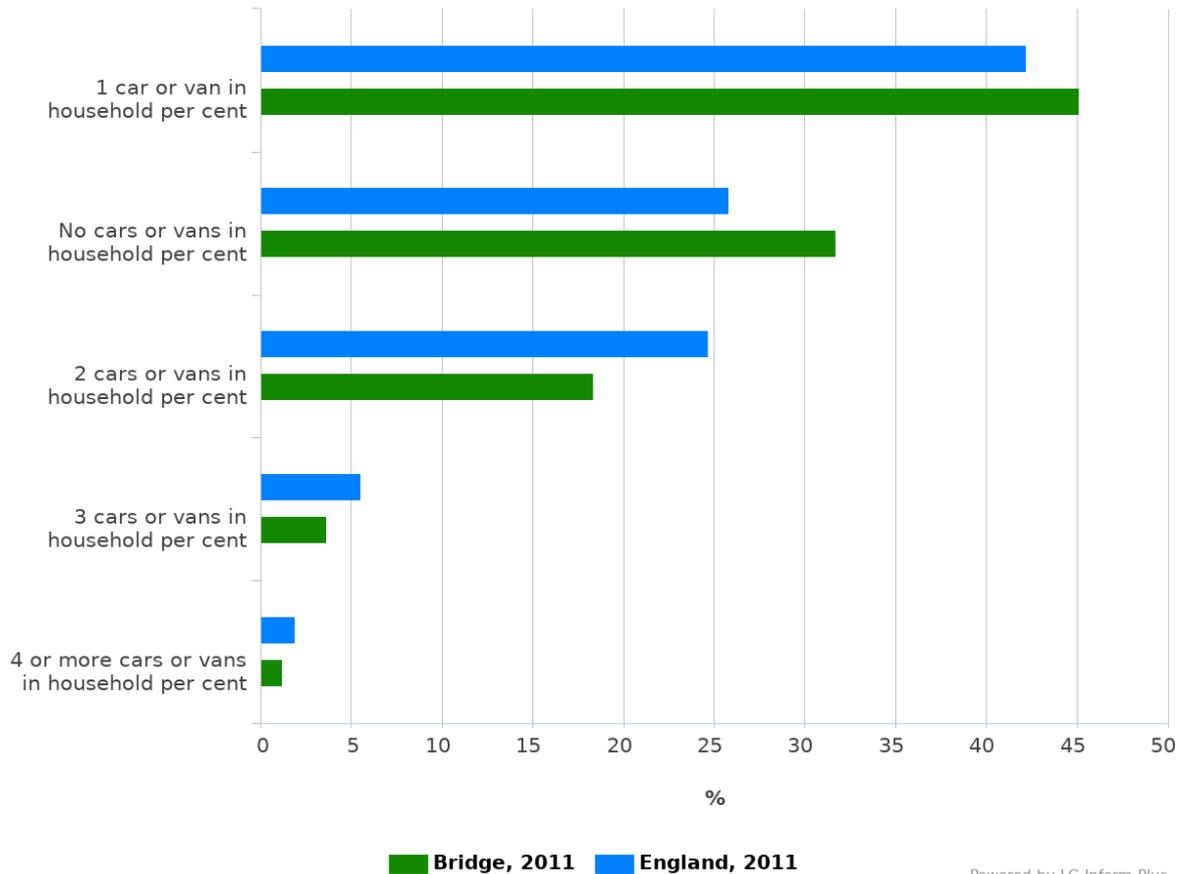
Source of data: [Department for Education](#)

Transport

Bridge ward has [31.71](#) % of its households who do not own a car or van. This compares to [20.80](#)% for England.

Households owning cars or vans

source: Census 2011



Source of data: [Census 2011](#)

References

This report was generated using data from:

[Ministry of Housing, Communities & Local Government; Indices of deprivation](#)

[Office for National Statistics; Census 2011](#)

[Office for National Statistics; Mid-year estimates](#)

[Public Health England; Child obesity and excess weight: small area level data](#)

[Public Health England; Local Health](#)